

AROUSED BY GRAFT

Hitchcock May Sweep Indian Territory Offices Clean.

FOULKE TELLS OF SCANDALS

Declares Indians Have Been Fleeced by Fraudulent Methods Out of \$5,000,000 Worth of Land—People Laugh at the Investigators and Threaten Their Lives.

According to William Dudley Foulke, President Roosevelt's special investigator of the land fraud and graft cases in Indian Territory, the "grafters" have become so bold that they laugh at investigators and tell them harrowing tales of what has become of former agents. One of them was strangled at one time and disappeared.

Mr. Foulke made his special report to Secretary Hitchcock, of the Department of the Interior, yesterday, and it discloses the fact that through a method of fraudulent scheduling of entries more than \$5,000,000 worth of property, including townsite lots, has been misappropriated.

As a result of the report, it is understood that Secretary Hitchcock is so aroused over the malodorous scandal that there will be a complete reorganization in the government personnel in the Territory.

Whether government officials are involved is not known, but an official in the department made the significant remark yesterday that "unfortunately, the nature of the investigations would apply to these cases, as the crimes were committed three years ago."

The investigation is not at an end by any means. Marshal L. Mott, attorney for the Creeks, who have been swindled with the rest, was in conference with Secretary Hitchcock, Indian Commissioner Leupp, and Mr. Foulke yesterday. If the investigation goes on at once, Mr. Mott will be in charge of it, as well as the interests of the Indians.

Tama Bixby, commissioner in charge of the Five Civilized Tribes, who was summoned to Washington some time ago, put in his appearance yesterday. He will be given an opportunity to explain certain transactions that were brought to the attention of Mr. Hitchcock by Mr. Foulke. There is said to be reason to believe that Mr. Bixby will soon resign his official place.

It is also understood to be the intention of Secretary Hitchcock to adhere to his order withdrawing for forest purposes 4,000,000 acres of land belonging to the Five Civilized Tribes in Indian Territory. This was the matter the Secretary was called upon to explain before the Senate Indian Committee. It being contended that he exceeded his legal authority. Mr. Hitchcock takes the position that unless the investigation reveals that he acted without authority he will stand pat.

SPACE WANTED AT JAMESTOWN

Washingtonians File Application for Room Needed at Exposition.

Thomas W. Smith, chairman of the joint committee on the Greater Washington commercial exhibit at the Jamestown Exposition, has returned from Norfolk, where he placed with the management the signed application of the merchants and manufacturers of the city for space.

The board of management at Norfolk will pass upon the applications and report to the joint committee within a few days. The space to be contracted for comprises all of section 17, in the building of Manufacturers and Liberal Arts, and is approximately 27,000 square feet.

The bill making an appropriation of \$25,000 to provide a building for the municipal exhibit at Jamestown has passed the Senate and is now before the House Committee on the District of Columbia.

The jobbers and shippers' association is taking much interest in the report of Adlai Mason, chief of the Bureau of Ordnance, who has recommended the employment of about 500 workmen at average wages of \$4 a day.

A project has been started for holding a convention of the secretaries of trade bodies of the principal cities of the country.

If sufficient interest is awakened in the scheme a committee of arrangements will be formed and invitations extended to the secretaries of commercial organizations in the United States to come to Washington and organize such a convention. It will probably be held in May.

WEATHER CONDITIONS.

U. S. Dept. of Agriculture, Weather Bureau, Washington, Friday, Dec. 21, 1906, 3 p. m.

A shallow barometric depression covers the north-east portion of the country, with lowest readings in Maine. Pressure is high over the Northeast Mountains, and thence westward to the Pacific.

Light snow or rain has fallen from the Middle Mississippi Valley eastward to the Atlantic, and it is moving to-night in the Ohio Valley, the Lake region, and along the coast of the Appalachians.

The weather will be cloudy, with snow flurries Saturday in the Upper Ohio Valley and along the Great Lakes, also in New England.

It will be colder Saturday in the Lake region, the Ohio, and Middle Mississippi valleys.

Sunday will be generally fair in all parts of the country, except along the Lower Lakes, where snow flurries will continue.

Slightly colder weather is indicated Sunday for Atlantic coast districts north of the Carolinas.

The winds along the New England and Middle Atlantic coasts will be fresh westerly; on the Gulf coast fresh southwest to west, and on the Atlantic coast light and variable.

Steamers departing Saturday for European ports will have fresh westerly winds and cloudy weather to the Grand Banks.

Special Forecast.

Storm warnings are displayed on the Pacific coast from Mendocino northward.

Local Temperatures.

Midnight, 34; 2 a. m., 35; 4 a. m., 36; 6 a. m., 37; 8 a. m., 38; 10 a. m., 35; 12 noon, 32; 2 p. m., 40; 4 p. m., 40; 6 p. m., 40; 8 p. m., 39; 10 p. m., 38.

Relative humidity 8 a. m., 91; 4 p. m., 32; 8 p. m., 36. Rainfall, trace; hours of sunshine, 10. Percent of possible sunshine, 60.

Temperature same date last year—Maximum, 34; minimum, 28.

Temperatures in Other Cities.

Temperatures in other cities, together with the amount of rainfall for the twelve hours ended at 8 p. m. yesterday, are as follows:

	Max.	Min.	8 p. m.	Rain.
Asheville, N. C.	44	38	39	0.00
Atlanta, Ga.	44	38	39	0.00
Baltimore, Md.	44	38	39	0.00
Birmingham, Ala.	44	38	39	0.00
Boston, Mass.	44	38	39	0.00
Buffalo, N. Y.	44	38	39	0.00
Chicago, Ill.	44	38	39	0.00
Cincinnati, Ohio	44	38	39	0.00
Cleveland, Ohio	44	38	39	0.00
Dayton, Ohio	44	38	39	0.00
Des Moines, Iowa	44	38	39	0.00
Galveston, Tex.	44	38	39	0.00
Hartford, Conn.	44	38	39	0.00
Indianapolis, Ind.	44	38	39	0.00
Jacksonville, Fla.	44	38	39	0.00
Kansas City, Mo.	44	38	39	0.00
Little Rock, Ark.	44	38	39	0.00
Memphis, Tenn.	44	38	39	0.00
New Orleans, La.	44	38	39	0.00
New York, N. Y.	44	38	39	0.00
North Platte, Neb.	44	38	39	0.00
Omaha, Neb.	44	38	39	0.00
Philadelphia, Pa.	44	38	39	0.00
Pittsburg, Kan.	44	38	39	0.00
Salt Lake City, Utah	44	38	39	0.00
St. Louis, Mo.	44	38	39	0.00
St. Paul, Minn.	44	38	39	0.00
Springfield, Ill.	44	38	39	0.00
Wichita, Kan.	44	38	39	0.00

MEMPHIS OUT OF IT.

No Chance for Establishment of New Subtreasury There.

Present indications are that if an additional subtreasury is established in one of the Southern States, in accordance with the movement set on foot by Southern business interests some time ago, it will be located at either Atlanta or Birmingham. Unless the Congressional delegation from the South arrive at some agreement as to the city which is to be favored, it is assumed that Congressional action will be necessary.

Senator Tamm, of Tennessee, with W. A. Percy and L. Warren, of Memphis; Capt. Patrick Henry, of Arkansas, and Robert H. Watkins and Robert M. Gates, of Washington, saw Secretary of the Treasury Shaw yesterday, and urged the claims of Memphis. The Secretary asked his callers to look over a map of the United States with him, and pointed out to them that Memphis is too close to the edge of the Southern territory to warrant the establishment of the proposed new subtreasury within its borders. Commercially, Memphis is all right, but geographically, it is out of the running so far as the subtreasury is concerned.

Furthermore, he gave them good reason to understand that Atlanta or Birmingham probably will be selected, if it is decided to establish the subtreasury.

At present the only subtreasury in the South is in New Orleans. Southern business interests generally contend that another is needed, and Atlanta, Birmingham, and Columbia, S. C., are regarded as having the best chances, because of their central position.

DURAND PRESENTS LETTERS

British Ambassador Retires Without Any Formality.

James Bryce, the New Diplomat, Proves Most Acceptable to Administration—Familiar with Affairs.

Sir Henry Mortimer Durand, the British Ambassador, presented his letters of recall to President Roosevelt yesterday and in connection with this event confirmation was given of the prediction in The Washington Herald that Sir Henry would be succeeded here as the King's personal envoy by James Bryce, chief secretary for Ireland in the British cabinet.

The appointment of Mr. Bryce has been semi-officially announced.

The ceremony of presenting Sir Henry's letters of recall was conducted at the White House and was an entirely informal but very interesting affair. The British Ambassador and Lady Durand, Whitehall, Red, the American Ambassador in London, and Mrs. Reid, and Bishop and Mrs. Earl Cranston were the guests of the President and Mrs. Roosevelt, and afterward the party went to the Blue Room where the retiring ambassador handed the President the document announcing his withdrawal.

In connection with the selection of Mr. Bryce to succeed Sir Henry Durand, President Roosevelt heard for the first time a story that Gerald Lowther, mentioned as one of those under consideration for the Washington mission, would not be appointed because there existed a personal dislike between the President and Mr. Lowther. President Roosevelt expressed surprise when he heard this report and indicated a desire to have it contradicted.

The administration is highly pleased over the appointment of Mr. Bryce, and regards it as a decided compliment to the United States. His interest in America and the knowledge he showed of governmental institutions in this country in his book, "The American Commonwealth," have contributed to the cordial feeling for him in Washington.

Mr. Bryce's age, sixty-eight, will probably prevent his participation with the President in the outdoor sports of which Mr. Roosevelt is so fond, but they have a common liking in literary things, and no doubt they will become exceedingly friendly.

The President and M. Jussard, the French Ambassador, meet frequently to talk about the literature of France, and in addition, they are devotees of tennis and play together nearly every fine afternoon on the White House court.

Much regret is expressed over the prospective departure of Sir Henry Durand, who is popular here, and his devotion to horseback riding, skating, and other forms of outdoor recreation, and his generally democratic manner, have served to advance the high opinion held of him.

WILL NOT CALL PERSHING.

Officials Take No Stock in Charges Made in Manila.

The authoritative statement was made yesterday that there would be no investigation of the charges against Gen. Pershing either by the War Department or a committee of Congress.

The War Department, it is stated, had looked into the allegations, and was fully satisfied that they were not justified.

Senator Francis E. Warren again defended his son-in-law, Gen. Pershing, from the charges published in Manila.

Of the officers named by the Manila newspaper as witnesses, he said Col. Jasper Morrison had been dead for four years, Capt. H. T. Swobe, of the quartermaster's department at Omaha, had denied the truth of the charges against Gen. Pershing, and has expressed a readiness to testify, and Capt. Sydney F. Clonah, who was recently appointed military attaché of the American Embassy in London, has also added his denial.

The Manila newspaper said that there were three officers on the staff of Maj. Gen. William A. Kobbe, retired, who could testify to the truth of the charges.

"The Manila paper does not name the officers," said Senator Warren, "therefore their denials cannot be had, but I am sure that the fact that the officers who do not testify to Gen. Pershing's innocence of the charges and to his general good character."

"The cruel truth about the publication is that it draws a picture of domestic trouble between Gen. Pershing and his wife, my daughter, that is entirely without justification. They are very happy, and Mrs. Pershing has never credited the charges for one moment."

GO TO PRISON FOR ARSON.

Caddies Who Burned Golf Club's Storehouse Are Sentenced.

William Kraus and David Huston, two caddies who had been convicted in Criminal Court of burning down the storehouse of the Columbia Golf Club October 25, were yesterday sentenced to two and three years, respectively, by Justice Stafford.

William Bridges, who was also found guilty of the same crime, was remanded for sentence.

FREE FROM SCHOOL

Children Celebrate on Approach of Holidays.

MANY ENTERTAINMENTS HELD

All Are Imbued with the Spirit of a Happy Season at Home—Teachers Take Part in the Exercises—Liberal Donations Made to the Poor—The Audiences Were Large.

When the children of the public schools romped toward their homes yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock they were happy with the thought of nearly two weeks' vacation. The Christmas holidays began yesterday, and will continue on January 2. Every school building in the city rang with repeated good wishes to the teachers from the unrestrained pupils, and even the pedagogues themselves were imbued with the Christmas spirit and joined the most unselfish of their charges in the afternoon's festivities.

Entertainments appropriate to the Christmas season were given in every school in the city. Proud parents and principals, nervous first-grade teachers, and children in Sunday attire filled the school halls and listened to the interesting programmes that had been carefully arranged.

Pupils Are Generous.

A feature of the celebrations in the schools this year was the generosity which characterized the donations to the poor of the city. The sums realized in every building, with few exceptions, have exceeded that given in other years.

At the Franklin building, Supt. Chancellor's office building, an elaborate programme was prepared by Charles K. Finckel, and was given in the large assembly hall. The school building was alive with bunches of mistletoe and massive bunches of holly; each room showed the efforts of its supervisor in attempting to make it especially Christmas-like. Dr. Chancellor presided at the entertainment. Among those who took part were: Almer Turin, Mary Byers, Ross Chamberlain, Penna Nesbitt, Allan Harrison, George Norris, Miss Alys Benton, C. Johnson, M. Robertson, June Huntington, Willard Brown, and Edith Britt.

At the Denison School, besides an interesting programme, in which every grade was represented, an exhibition of drawings attracted attention. More than two hundred pictures, the work of the pupils of the school, were exhibited in one of the largest rooms.

Attentive audiences witnessed the entertainments at the Abbott, Gates, and Pope schools. At each special preparation had been made to celebrate the season. At the Edmonds building, the gifts recently made by Mrs. Edmonds have served to beautify, an expression of thanks for her gift, and an elaborate programme was rendered.

SANG CHRISTMAS CAROLS.

Annual Entertainment Given at the Jefferson School.

Seven hundred persons, comprising an audience of school children, members of the board of education, and others, were entertained yesterday by the annual Christmas entertainment of the Jefferson School, under the direction of Principal C. N. Thompson. The programme was a varied one, consisting of music, vocal and instrumental, recitations, and addresses by members of the board.

The exhibition hall, in which the entertainment was given, was decorated in true Christmas style. On the platform was a huge fir tree, ornamented with spruces and bright colored ribbons, until it fairly glowed in the light of the rows of candles behind it. A large red bell, of the kind seen so frequently at Christmas, was suspended from the chandelier in the center of the room, and the entire hall was green with various kinds of potted plants.

After the pupils had filed into the hall all joined in the singing of a Christmas carol. Songs and recitations then followed, interspersed with selections by the school orchestra, an organization consisting of five pieces, directed by Miss L. M. Burke.

At the close of the regular programme, I. Fairweather, supervising principal of the Fourth division, was introduced to the pupils by Mr. Thompson, and made a short address. He in turn introduced Barton W. Everson, Rear Admiral J. W. Baird, and Ellen Spencer Mussey, members of the board of education, each of whom made a few remarks. A reception to the teachers and board of education was held at the close of the entertainment, in the room of the principal.

TERMS IT "PAY-DAY BRAWL."

Commander of Florida Troops Reports on Shooting Affair.

In reply to the demand of the War Department that a thorough investigation be made of the recent trouble between the enlisted men at Fort Barrancas, Florida, and the employees of a railroad company running between the fort and Pensacola, Col. W. F. Stewart, commanding Fort Barrancas, reports that the affair, so far as he can learn, was little more than a pay-day brawl.

According to his statement of December 20, the conductor who was on the train at the time of the disturbance, told the adjutant that three shots were fired at him from ambush, by parties whom he thought were soldiers. In closing his report, he states that board officers are now investigating the affair and that a report in full will be forwarded soon.

HOME FROM COLLEGE.

W. B. Rapley has returned from Ithaca, N. Y., where he is attending Cornell.

to spend the holiday vacation with his father, William H. Rapley, manager of the New National Theater.

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NO NEWS FROM BAGLEY.

Salt Lake City Man Probably Out of Bradley Case.

It was stated yesterday that it was probable that Judge Bagley, of the firm of Bartch & Bagley, of Salt Lake City, counsel employed for Mrs. Annie M. Bradley, who fatally shot ex-Senator Arthur Brown, of Salt Lake City, in the Raleigh Hotel just two weeks ago today, was in direct communication with Mrs. Bradley, and that many telegrams and letters had gone back and forth. This fact cannot, however, be positively verified. It cannot be learned whether he will come here and participate in Mrs. Bradley's defense, or will leave it entirely to her local attorneys, Hoover & Wells.

It was said, however, that if Mr. Hoover goes to Salt Lake City immediately after the holidays, as is the present intention, it is pretty well assured that Bartch & Bagley will not figure in her defense, as, if Judge Bagley was coming to Washington, he would bring with him all the necessary data and information, and there would be no reason for Mr. Hoover's visit.

Routine prison life without the slightest variation from the ordinary monotony continues to be the rule for Mrs. Bradley. Positively no visitors are allowed to see her, with the exception of her counsel, with whom she had a lengthy conference yesterday.

Jackson H. Ralston, of the firm of Ralston & Siddons, attorneys, associate counsel with J. S. Gunn, of Helena, Mont., and the late ex-Senator Arthur Brown, of Salt Lake City, yesterday appeared before Supreme Court Justice W. B. E. States for Mr. Gunn, and asked leave to submit an additional brief in answer to a brief submitted by the other side after the arguments had been made.

The case is that of the Montana Mining Company vs. the St. Louis Mining Company, and was the suit that brought ex-Senator Brown to Washington. He represented the St. Louis company. The suit involved a number of intricate points of mining law, in which he was said to be an authority.

Singing Canary in a gilded cage makes a good Christmas present for old or old. Schmid's Bird Store, 712 12th St.

BRINGS PERSONAL MESSAGE.

Austrian Ambassador Charged with Greeting to President.

Ladislav, Baron Hengelmüller von Hengervar, the Austro-Hungarian Ambassador to this country, who some time ago was called to Vienna into consultation with his master, Emperor Francis Joseph, will arrive in this city this afternoon at 4:30 o'clock, and after going to the embassy, 1700 Connecticut avenue, to greet his wife, the baronesse, and child, will at once go to the White House and pay his respects to the President and present a personal message to him from Emperor Francis Joseph.

The honor of the title of hereditary baron was bestowed upon the diplomat by the Emperor a few days ago in recognition of his eminent services for his country. It can be stated on undisputed authority that there is absolutely no foundation in truth for the rumor that Baron Hengelmüller would probably return from his diplomatic mission in the coming year. On the contrary, it is declared that the baron hopes to continue in his country's diplomatic service, in order to yet more strengthen the deep friendship between Austria and the United States.

Christmas is always a feature event of the home life of the Hengelmüllers, and there has never been a year that a huge Christmas tree did not grace the large reception room of the embassy. The dedication of the Christmas tree at the Austro-Hungarian Embassy is made quite a social event, and on several occasions the baroness and her family have impersonated Santa Claus.

CITIZENS URGE MADDEN BILL

District Associations on Record Favoring the Measure.

Commissioners Also Reported to Be Favorable to Cheaper Gas and Universal Transfers.

The bill introduced by Representative Madden, of Chicago, providing for a universal transfer system on the street-car lines in the District is meeting with the general approval of the citizens' associations. Nearly all of the citizens' associations have adopted resolutions urging that such action be taken and the matter has been made the subject of frequent communications to the Commissioners.

Engineer Commissioner Biddle is now preparing data to be submitted to the Commissioners relating to a report which they will submit to Congress, regarding a similar bill offered by Representative Wiley, of New Jersey.

No formal statement is being made by the Commissioners regarding a bill relating to the District of Columbia, until a report has been requested of them by Congress. In line with this policy they had no comment on the bill introduced by Mr. Madden, though it is understood that it, as well as the bill providing that illuminating gas be furnished at 5 cents per 1,000 feet, meets with their approval.

OPERATORS ON SOUTHERN.

System of Special Inspectors Instituted in Interest of Safety.

Mr. Ackert, vice president and general manager of the Southern Railway Company, said yesterday:

"Some question seems to have been made in the newspapers recently as to the age of the operators employed on our line. While this comment has been made on other standard lines, I find that the ages of operators on our line are well up to the standard age, it being universally considered that an operator, if of sufficient intelligence, is entirely reliable for such work at eighteen years of age, and is permitted by statute in one or more of the States. Some well-managed companies accept operators at sixteen years of age, if their character and intelligence are satisfactory."

"While heretofore the superintendents and trainmasters have inspected the offices and the work of our block operators, we are now inaugurating a system of special inspectors, who will be on duty the entire time to this duty, and act under the direction of our chief dispatcher."

"The system of requiring the block sheets to be filed in the chief dispatcher's office was discarded by us some time ago, because of the possibility of fixing up such sheets before they were sent in, and hence this would give us no reliable information as to the actual performance of duty by the operators. It has been determined that inspection of the work itself at unexpected periods and at irregular intervals is a more reliable and satisfactory method of the safety and efficiency of the operators. This is the method we have been pursuing and under the system of special inspection will continue."

WANTS \$2,500 FOR TRIP.

School Commission Asks Fund for Inspection in Other Cities.

An appropriation of \$2,500 will be asked of Congress by Engineer Commissioner Biddle, chairman of the commission on public schools, to defray the expenses of the commission in the proposed inspection of the public school system and buildings of other cities. Its purpose is to submit plans for the consolidation of the public schools of the District, and the abandonment and sale of such buildings and sites as might be deemed desirable in the interests of better school administration.

The commission, consisting of Engineer Commissioner Biddle, John Knox Taylor, supervising architect of the Treasury, and W. E. Chancellor, superintendent of public schools, was created by act of Congress, approved June 20, 1906.

THANKS THE PRESIDENT.

Gov. Sparks, of Nevada, Pleaded with Appointment.

This telegram was given out at the White House yesterday:

Reno, Nev., Dec. 20.

Theodore Roosevelt, President:

You have created the people of this Commonwealth by appointing Judge E. S. Farrington circuit judge. I thank you.

JOHN SPARKS, Governor of Nevada.

CALL FIGURES WRONG

Railways Charge Casualty Statistics Are Misleading.

COMMISSION WILL REFUTE

Compilations Are Made from Sworn Statements Furnished by the Roads Themselves—Work Is Done by Editor of Railway Journal—Secretary Moseley Photographs Statements.

Several Western railways are making an attack on Secretary Moseley, of the Interstate Commerce Commission, because of the statistics of casualties on railways in the United States which are published periodically by that body.

The contention of the railways is that Mr. Moseley, as an official of the commission, has so manipulated the figures in question as to make it appear that the number of accidents, fatal and otherwise, in this country is much larger than is actually the case, and that, in consequence, the United States is seen at a disadvantage in comparison with Great Britain and other countries, where there are fewer cases of deaths and injuries resulting from wrecks and from the general operation of railways.

Mr. Moseley is not at all disturbed by the remarkable charges brought against him, which he is in a position to completely refute. It happens that the Interstate Commerce Commission does not compile the casualty statistics in its own office, although it is responsible for them, and they are assumed to be approximately correct. The figures are not even collected by Mr. Moseley or any of the other officials of the commission, but by the editor of the Railway Age, who is specially employed by the commission for that purpose.

This man compiles the statistics published by the commission from sworn statements furnished him by the railways themselves. The sworn statements on which the statistics now under fire are based are in the hands of Secretary Moseley, and he is having them photographed. They will naturally tend to the confusion of the railways which are responsible for the charge of manipulation, as they will show that in the last analysis the statistics compiled are of really furnished by the railways themselves—some by the very roads which have entered complaint.

Well-informed persons who have discussed the matter point out that, obviously, there is a way by which the railways may make a better showing as to casualties in the commission reports, but that that way is not the one some of them have adopted—namely, attempting to discredit the commission's figures. If railway managers in the United States will only provide the same safeguards against accidents that are provided by railways in England and other countries where deaths on the rail are comparatively few, it is suggested, the appalling statistics which are presented by the commission and by the railway journals will be changed in such a way as to remove at least a part of the stigma they have cast on the United States in the past. Even the most stringent legislation will fail to be fully effective, it is asserted, unless the railways show a disposition to do their part.

SHOPLIFTERS IN COURT.

Storekeepers and Police Are Pleased Over Arrests.

Frances M. Nowling, Mrs. Bertha A. Trimmer, W. A. Trimmer, and Grace Benja'n will be arraigned in the Police Court to-day charged with shoplifting.

Miss Nowling, who refused to give her address when searched at police headquarters, produced several pairs of gloves, handkerchiefs, four rings, and other jewelry. According to the police, she said she took the things because she had no money to pay for them. A quantity of Christmas goods were found in the room of an apartment house on O street, where the Trimmers were arrested. The police say that they and Miss Benjamin have been notably successful as shoplifters. Each of the defendants was held in \$100 bond for her appearance before the grand jury.

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This telegram was given out at the White House yesterday:

Reno, Nev., Dec. 20.

Theodore Roosevelt, President:

You have created the people of this Commonwealth by appointing Judge E. S. Farrington circuit judge. I thank you.

JOHN SPARKS, Governor of Nevada.

DOES A PIANO

Interest You?

If it does, and you want a good, reliable piano, at a fair, moderate price, come and see us.

John F. Ellis & Co.,
937 Penna. Ave. N. W.
OLDEST MUSIC HOUSE IN THE CITY.
Established 1852.

THE QUALITY HOUSE

ESTABLISHED 1865

Buy your wines of a wine merchant who intimately knows their nature.

OPEN EVENINGS UNTIL CHRISTMAS.

CHRISTIAN XANDER'S

Unrivalled Stock of FOREIGN and DOMESTIC WINES and DISTILLATES FOR THE FESTIVE BOARD.

307 Standard Beverages

Largest and Best Appointed Stock for the family trade in the country. Purity reigns supreme. Moderate wholesale prices.